

Update to the Human Leukocyte Antigens (HLA) Equivalency Tables

Sponsoring Committee: Histocompatibility

Policy/Bylaws Affected: Policy 2.11.A: Required Information for Deceased Kidney Donors, Policy 2.11.B: Required Information for Deceased Liver Donors, 2.11.C: Required Information for Deceased Heart Donors, 2.11.D: Required Information for Deceased Lung Donors, 2.11.E: Required Information for Deceased Pancreas Donors, 4.1: Requirements for Laboratory Review of Reports, 4.2: Requirements for Waiting list Data Verification, 4.3: Requirements for Performing and Reporting HLA Typing, 4.4: Resolving Discrepant Donor and Recipient HLA Results, 4.5: Antibody Screening and Reporting, 4.6: Crossmatching, 4.7: Blood Type Determination, 4.8: Preservation of Excess Specimens, 4.9: HLA Antigen Values and Split Equivalences, Policy 4.10: Reference Tables of HLA Antigen Values and Split Equivalences, 13.5.A: HLA Typing Requirements for OPTN KPD Candidates, and 13.5.C: HLA Typing Requirements for OPTN KPD Donors

Public Comment: August 2015

Effective Date: All policies listed above except for 4.9 and 4.10 will be effective March 1, 2016. Policies 4.9 and 4.10 will be effective pending implementation and notice to OPTN members.

Problem Statement

This proposal addresses four different issues:

1. Updates the Equivalency Tables as required by OPTN Policy
2. Adds new alleles to the HLA antigen dropdown in UNetSM
3. Updates terminology to reflect modern terminology
4. Removes duplicative sections of HLA policy

Policy 4.7: HLA Antigen Values and Split Equivalences, states: "The Histocompatibility Committee must review and recommend any changes needed to the tables on or before June 1 of each year." The Board of Directors last approved updates to the Equivalency Tables in November 2013. Since that time, additional updates to the equivalencies have been proposed and will be incorporated into these tables in policy.

This proposal also adds additional alleles (subtypes) to the HLA antigen dropdown options in UNet to increase access to transplant for sensitized candidates and improve identification of zero antigen mismatches. Current dropdowns are unnecessarily disadvantaging candidates who have antibodies against some but not all alleles in a single antigen group. For these patients, members currently can only list corresponding antigens (inclusive of all alleles in the group) as unacceptable antigens, excluding candidates from a broader donor pool than necessary. In addition, candidates with an allele specific

antibody that is in the same antigen group as their own allele cannot have the unacceptable allele or the antigen listed (for example, candidate type: B*44:02; unacceptable allele, B*44:03).

Additionally, current policy references HLA-DPB, HLA-DQA, and HLA-DQB. This terminology is not medically accurate as defined by accepted terminology from the World Health Organization and the genetics community. Therefore, the Committee also proposes updating references to these HLA loci in policy to HLA-DPB1, HLA-DQA1, and HLA-DQB1 to distinguish them from other closely related loci, and to reflect commonly accepted practices within the histocompatibility community.

Lastly, in November of 2014, the Board passed a proposal to expand the Deceased Donor HLA Types. This proposal added Policy 4.4: *Requirements for Performing and Reporting HLA Typing*, which was meant to replace current Policy 4.1: *HLA Typing*. However, section 4.1 was never stricken from policy. This proposal removes the current Policy 4.1, and adds references to pancreas and pancreas islet HLA requirements in Policy 4.4 so that they are aligned with Policy 3.4.D: *Candidate Human Leukocyte Antigen (HLA) Requirements*.

Summary of Changes

This proposal makes the following changes to policy:

- Changes all references of HLA- DPB, DQA, and DQB to DPB1, DQA1, and DQB1, respectively
- Adds alleles to the HLA- DR51, DR52, and DR53 dropdown menus in UNet
- Updates matching antigen equivalencies and unacceptable antigens in all tables
- Removes duplicative Policy 4.1: *HLA Typing*
- Adds pancreas and pancreas islet references to Policy 4.3: *Requirements for Performing and Reporting HLA Typing*.

What Members Need to Do

All OPTN members and vendors will need to familiarize themselves with these changes. Transplant programs may need to request updated HLA typing using molecular methods for existing candidates who may be disadvantaged by the changes to the HLA Matching Equivalences tables, especially for any candidate who has a 'broad' antigen listed in their reported HLA type.

Histocompatibility labs will be required to assign antigens less broadly to candidates than in the past. Members may also need to review and modify unacceptable antigens reported for candidates with antibodies against alleles that are being added.

Affected Policy/Bylaw Language

New language is underlined and language that will be deleted is ~~struck through~~.

2.11 Required Deceased Donor Information

2.11.A Required Information for Deceased Kidney Donors

The host OPO must provide *all* the following additional information for all deceased donor kidney offers:

1. Date of admission for the current hospitalization
2. Donor name
3. Donor ID
4. Ethnicity
5. Relevant past medical or social history
6. Current history of abdominal injuries and operations
7. Current history of average blood pressure, hypotensive episodes, average urine output, and oliguria

8. Current medication and transfusion history
9. Anatomical description, including number of blood vessels, ureters, and approximate length of each
10. Human leukocyte antigen (HLA) information as follows: A, B, Bw4, Bw6, C, DR, DR51, DR52, DR53, DQA1, DQB1, and DPB1 antigens prior to organ offers.
11. Indications of sepsis
12. Injuries to or abnormalities of the blood
13. Assurance that final blood and urine cultures are pending
14. Final urinalysis
15. Final blood urea nitrogen (BUN) and creatinine
16. Recovery blood pressure and urine output information
17. Recovery medications
18. Type of recovery procedure, flush solution and method, and flush storage solution
19. Warm ischemia time and organ flush characteristics

2.11.B Required Information for Deceased Liver Donors

The host OPO must provide *all* the following additional information for all deceased donor liver offers:

1. Donor name
2. Donor ID
3. Ethnicity
4. Height
5. Weight
6. Vital signs, including blood pressure, heart rate and temperature
7. Social history, including drug use
8. History of treatment in hospital including current medications, vasopressors, and hydration
9. Current history of hypotensive episodes, urine output, and oliguria
10. Indications of sepsis
11. Aspartate aminotransferase (AST)
12. Bilirubin (direct)
13. Other laboratory tests within the past 12 hours including:
 - a. Alanine aminotransferase (ALT)
 - b. Alkaline phosphatase
 - c. Total bilirubin
 - d. Creatinine
 - e. Hemoglobin (hgb) and hemocrit (hct)
 - f. International normalized ration (INR) or Prothrombin (PT) if INR is not available, and partial thromboplastin time (PTT)
 - g. White blood cell count (WBC)
14. Human leukocyte antigen (HLA) typing if requested by the transplant hospital, including A, B, Bw4, Bw6, C, DR, DR51, DR52, DR53, DQA1, DQB1, and DPB1 antigens in the timeframe specified by the transplant program

If a transplant program requests HLA typing for a deceased liver donor, it must communicate this request to the OPO and the OPO must provide the HLA information listed above. The transplant program must document requests for donor HLA typing, including the turnaround time specified for reporting the donor HLA typing results. The OPO must document HLA typing provided to the requesting transplant program.

2.11.C Required Information for Deceased Heart Donors

The host OPO must provide *all* the following additional information for all deceased donor heart offers:

1. Height

2. Weight
3. Vital signs, including blood pressure, heart rate, and temperature
4. History of treatment in hospital including vasopressors and hydration
5. Cardiopulmonary, social, and drug activity histories
6. Details of any documented cardiac arrest or hypotensive episodes
7. 12-lead interpreted electrocardiogram
8. Arterial blood gas results and ventilator settings
9. Cardiology consult or echocardiogram, if the hospital has the facilities
10. Human leukocyte antigen (HLA) typing if requested by the transplant hospital, including A, B, Bw4, Bw6, C, DR, DR51, DR52, DR53, DQA₁, DQB₁, and DPB₁ antigens prior to the final organ acceptance
11. Toxoplasma antibody (Ab) test result or an appropriate donor sample sent with the heart for testing at the transplant hospital

For heart deceased donors, if a transplant program requires donor HLA typing prior to submitting a final organ acceptance, it must communicate this request to the OPO and document the request. The OPO must provide the HLA information required in the list above and document that the information was provided to the transplant program.

The heart recovery team must have the opportunity to speak directly with the responsible ICU personnel or the onsite donor coordinator in order to obtain current information about the deceased donor's physiology.

2.11.D Required Information for Deceased Lung Donors

The host OPO must provide *all* the following additional information for all deceased lung donor offers:

1. Height
2. Weight
3. Vital signs, including blood pressure, heart rate, and temperature
4. History of medical treatment in hospital including vasopressors and hydration
5. Smoking history
6. Cardiopulmonary, social, and drug activity histories
7. Arterial blood gases and ventilator settings on 5 cm/H₂O/PEEP including PO₂/FiO₂ ratio and preferably 100% FiO₂, within 2 hours prior to the offer
8. Bronchoscopy results
9. Chest x-ray interpreted by a radiologist or qualified physician within 3 hours prior to the offer
10. Details of any documented cardiac arrest or hypotensive episodes
11. Sputum gram stain, with description of sputum
12. Electrocardiogram
13. Echocardiogram, if the OPO has the facilities
14. HLA typing if requested by the transplant hospital, including A, B, Bw4, Bw6, C, DR, DR51, DR52, DR53, DQA₁, DQB₁, and DPB₁ antigens prior to final organ acceptance

If the host OPO cannot perform a bronchoscopy, it must document that it is unable to provide bronchoscopy results and the receiving transplant hospital may perform it. The lung recovery team may perform a confirmatory bronchoscopy provided unreasonable delays are avoided and deceased donor stability and the time limitations in *Policy 5.6.B: Time Limit for Acceptance* are maintained.

For lung deceased donors, if a transplant hospital requires donor HLA typing prior to submitting a final organ acceptance, it must communicate this request to the OPO and document the request. The OPO must provide the HLA information required in the list above and document that the information was provided to the transplant program.

The lung recovery team must have the opportunity to speak directly with the responsible ICU

personnel or the onsite OPO donor coordinator in order to obtain current information about the deceased donor's physiology.

2.11.E Required Information for Deceased Pancreas Donors

The host OPO must provide *all* the following additional information for all deceased donor pancreas offers:

1. Donor name
2. Donor ID
3. Ethnicity
4. Weight
5. Date of admission for the current hospitalization
6. Alcohol use (if known)
7. Current history of abdominal injuries and operations including pancreatic trauma
8. Current history of average blood pressure, hypotensive episodes, cardiac arrest, average urine output, and oliguria
9. Current medication and transfusion history
10. Pertinent past medical or social history including pancreatitis
11. Familial history of diabetes
12. Insulin protocol
13. Indications of sepsis
14. Serum amylase
15. Serum lipase
16. HLA information as follows: A, B, Bw4, Bw6, C, DR, DR51, DR52, DR53, DQA1, DQB1, and DPB1 antigens prior to organ offers.

4.1 HLA Typing

4.1.A Requirements for Performing and Reporting HLA Typing

~~Laboratories must do *all* of the following:~~

- ~~1. Perform HLA typing on all potential transplant recipients and donors when requested by a physician or other authorized individuals.~~
- ~~2. Ensure that all HLA typing is accurately determined and report HLA typing results to the OPO or Transplant Program according to the turnaround time specified in the written agreement between the laboratory and any affiliated OPO or transplant program.~~
- ~~3. Report serological split level and molecular typing results to the OPO for all required HLA types according to Table 4.1 *HLA Typing Requirements for Deceased Donors* Policy 2.11: Required Deceased Donor Information, whenever the lab performs HLA typing on deceased kidney, kidney pancreas, and pancreas donors.~~
- ~~4. Report HLA typing results to the Transplant Program for all required HLA types, according to Table 4.21 *HLA Typing Requirements for Candidates*, whenever the laboratory performs HLA typing on candidates.~~

~~Table 4.1 shows HLA types required to be reported for deceased donors.~~

Table 4.1: HLA Typing Requirements for Deceased Donors

Organ	A	B	Bw4	Bw6	C	DR	DR51	DR52	DR53	DPB	DQB
Kidney	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Pancreas	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Kidney-Pancreas	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Heart*	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Lung*	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●

* For deceased heart and lung donors, if a transplant hospital requires donor HLA typing prior to submitting a final organ acceptance, it must communicate this request to the OPO and document this request. The OPO must provide the HLA information required in the table above and document that the information was provided to the transplant program. The transplant hospital may request HLA-DPB typing, but the OPO need only provide it if its affiliated laboratory performs related testing.

Table 4.21 shows HLA types required to be reported for candidates.

Table 4.21: HLA Typing Requirements for Candidates

Organ	A	B	Bw4	Bw6	DR
Kidney alone	●	●	●	●	●
Pancreas alone	●	●	●	●	●
Kidney-Pancreas	●	●	●	●	●

4.21 Requirements for Laboratory Review of Reports

[Subsequent headings affected by the re-numbering of this policy will also be changed as necessary.]

4.4.3.A Deceased Donor HLA Typing

If the laboratory performs HLA typing on a deceased donor, the laboratory must perform molecular typing and report results at the level of serological splits to the OPO for all required HLA types on deceased donors according to Table 4-31 Deceased Donor HLA Typing Requirements.

Table 4-31 below provides the requirements of HLA typing of HLA A, B, Bw4, Bw6, C, DR, DR51, DR52, DR53, DQA1, DQB1, and DPB1 antigens.

Table 4-31: Deceased Donor HLA Typing Requirements

If a Laboratory Performs HLA Typing on a:	Then the Laboratory Must Report Results to the OPO at the Following Times:
Deceased Kidney, Kidney-Pancreas, <u>Pancreas</u> , or Pancreas <u>Islet</u> Donor	Prior to organ offers
Deceased Heart, Heart-Lung, or Lung Donors	Prior to final acceptance, if required by the transplant program
Deceased Liver Donors	Within the period specified by the transplant program

4.4.3.B HLA Typing for Candidates

Laboratories must perform HLA typing on a kidney, kidney-pancreas, pancreas, or pancreas islet candidate and report results for HLA A, B, Bw4, Bw6, and DR to the transplant program prior to registration on the waiting list.

4.5.4 Resolving Discrepant Donor and Recipient HLA Typing Results

[Subsequent headings affected by the re-numbering of this policy will also be changed as necessary.]

4.10.9 HLA Antigen Values and Split Equivalences

HLA matching of A, B, and DR locus antigens is based on the antigens which are listed in *Policy 4.140: Reference Tables of HLA Antigen Values and Split Equivalences*. The Histocompatibility Committee must review and recommend any changes needed to the tables on or before June 1 of each year. For matching purposes, split antigens not on this list will be indicated on the waiting list as the parent antigens and will match only with the corresponding parent antigens.

4.11.10 Reference Tables of HLA Antigen Values and Split Equivalences

~~Tables 4-32, 4-43, and 4-54, show patient-candidate-donor antigen combinations and whether they are mismatches. For each candidate antigen, the donor antigens that are not mismatched are listed below. All other combinations are considered mismatches. Antigens with an * indicate an allele that may not have a World Health Organization (WHO)-approved serologic specificity. Antigens given **99 means the patient locus was not tested.~~

Table 4-32 HLA A Matching Antigen Equivalences

Patient A Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens	Patient A Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens	Patient A Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
1	1	9	9	2402	2402, 24
2	2, 0201, 0202, 0203, 0205, 0206	10	10	2403	2403, 24
0201	0201, 2	11	11, 1101, 1102	25	25
0202	0202, 2	1101	1101, 11	26	26
0203	0203, 2	1102	1102, 11	28	28
0205	0205, 2	19	19	29	29, 2901, 2902
0206	0206, 2	23	23	2901	2901, 29
3	3	24	24, 2402, 2403	2902	2902, 29

Patient A Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
30	30, 3001, 3002
<u>3001</u>	<u>3001, 30</u>
<u>3002</u>	<u>3002, 30</u>
31	31
32	32
33	33, 3301, 3303
<u>3301</u>	<u>3301, 33</u>
<u>3303</u>	<u>3303, 33</u>
34	34

Patient A Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
<u>3401</u>	<u>3401, 34</u>
<u>3402</u>	<u>3402, 34</u>
36	36
43	43
66	66, *6601, *6602
<u>6601</u>	<u>6601, 66</u>
<u>6602</u>	<u>6602, 66</u>
68	68, 6801, 6802
<u>6801</u>	<u>6801, 68</u>

Patient A Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
<u>6802</u>	<u>6802, 68</u>
69	69
74	74
80	80
203	203, 2
210	210, 2
2403	2403, 24
*6601	*6601, 66
*6602	*6602, 66
** 99	(No equivalent)

Table 4-43: HLA B Matching Antigen Equivalences

Patient B Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
5	5
7	7, 703, 0702
<u>0702</u>	<u>0702, 7</u>
8	8
<u>0802</u>	<u>0802</u>
<u>0803</u>	<u>0803</u>
<u>0804</u>	<u>0804</u>
12	12
13	13, 1301, 1302
<u>1301</u>	<u>1301, 13</u>
<u>1302</u>	<u>1302, 13</u>
14	14, 64, 65
<u>1401</u>	<u>1401, 64</u>
<u>1402</u>	<u>1402, 65</u>
15	15
<u>1501</u>	<u>1501, 62</u>
<u>1502</u>	<u>1502, 75</u>
<u>1503</u>	<u>1503, 72</u>
<u>1510</u>	<u>1510, 71</u>
<u>1511</u>	<u>1511, 75</u>
<u>1512</u>	<u>1512, 76</u>
<u>1513</u>	<u>1513, 77</u>
<u>1516</u>	<u>1516, 63</u>
<u>1517</u>	<u>1517, 63</u>
16	16

Patient B Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
17	17
18	18
21	21
22	22
27	27, 2705
<u>2705</u>	<u>2705, 27</u>
<u>2708</u>	<u>2708</u>
35	35
37	37
38	38
39	39, 3901, 3902, *3905, 3913
<u>3901</u>	<u>3901, 39</u>
<u>3902</u>	<u>3902, 39</u>
<u>3905</u>	<u>3905, 39</u>
<u>3913</u>	<u>3913, 39</u>
40	40, 64
<u>4001</u>	<u>4001, 60</u>
<u>4002</u>	<u>4002, 61</u>
<u>4005</u>	<u>4005, 50</u>
<u>4006</u>	<u>4006, 61</u>
41	41
42	42
44	44, 4402, 4403

Patient B Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
<u>4402</u>	<u>4402, 44</u>
<u>4403</u>	<u>4403, 44</u>
<u>4415</u>	<u>4415, 45</u>
45	45, 4415
46	46
47	47
48	48
49	49
50	50, 4005
51	51, 5101, 5102, 5103
<u>5101</u>	<u>5101, 51</u>
<u>5102</u>	<u>5102, 51</u>
52	52
53	53
54	54
55	55
56	56
57	57, 5701, 5703
<u>5701</u>	<u>5701, 57</u>
<u>5703</u>	<u>5703, 57</u>
58	58
59	59
60	60, 4001

Patient B Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
61	61, <u>4002</u> , <u>4006</u>
62	62, <u>1501</u>
63	63, <u>1516</u> , <u>1517</u>
64	64, <u>1401</u>
65	65, <u>1402</u>
67	67
70	70, <u>71</u> , <u>72</u>
71	71, <u>70</u> , <u>1510</u>
72	72, <u>70</u> , <u>1503</u>
73	73

Patient B Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
75	75, <u>1502</u> , <u>1511</u> <u>15</u>
76	76, <u>15</u> , <u>1512</u>
77	77, <u>15</u> , <u>1513</u>
78	78
81	81
82	82, *8201
<u>703</u>	<u>703</u> , 7
*0804	*0804, 8
*1304	*1304, 15, 21, 49, 50
<u>2708</u>	<u>2708</u> , 27

Patient B Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
<u>3901</u>	<u>3901</u> , 39
<u>3902</u>	<u>3902</u> , 39
*3905	*3905, 39
4005	4005, 50
5101	5101, 51
5102	5102, 51, 53
5103	5103, 51
7801	7801
*8201	*8201, 82
** 99	(No equivalent)

Table 4-54: HLA DR Matching Antigen Equivalence

Patient DR Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
1	1, 103 , <u>0101</u> , <u>0102</u>
<u>0101</u>	<u>0101</u> , 1
<u>0102</u>	<u>0102</u> , 1
<u>103</u>	<u>103</u>
2	2
3	3
<u>0301</u>	<u>0301</u> , 17
<u>0302</u>	<u>0302</u> , 18
4	4
<u>0401</u>	<u>0401</u> , 4
<u>0402</u>	<u>0402</u> , 4
<u>0403</u>	<u>0403</u> , 4
<u>0404</u>	<u>0404</u> , 4
<u>0405</u>	<u>0405</u> , 4
<u>0407</u>	<u>0407</u> , 4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
<u>0901</u>	<u>0901</u> , 9
<u>0902</u>	<u>0902</u> , 9
10	10
11	11
<u>1101</u>	<u>1101</u> , 11
<u>1104</u>	<u>1104</u> , 11
12	12
<u>1201</u>	<u>1201</u> , 12
<u>1202</u>	<u>1202</u> , 12
13	13, 1301, 1303
<u>1301</u>	<u>1301</u> , 13
<u>1303</u>	<u>1303</u> , 13
14	14, 1401, 1402, 1403, 1404, 1454
<u>1401</u>	<u>1401</u> , 14, 1454
<u>1402</u>	<u>1402</u> , 14
<u>1403</u>	<u>1403</u> , 14
<u>1404</u>	<u>1404</u> , 14

Patient DR Locus Antigen	Equivalent Donor Antigens
<u>1454</u>	<u>1454</u> , 14, <u>1401</u>
15	15
<u>1501</u>	<u>1501</u> , 15
<u>1502</u>	<u>1502</u> , 15
<u>1503</u>	<u>1503</u> , 15
16	16
<u>1601</u>	<u>1601</u> , 16
<u>1602</u>	<u>1602</u> , 16
17	17, <u>0301</u>
18	18, <u>0302</u>
103	103, 1
1403	1403, 14, 6
1404	1404, 14, 6
** 99	(No equivalent)

* Indicates an allele; may not have a WHO-approved serologic specificity

** Code 99 means not tested

Examples of how “Matching Antigen Equivalences” works:

- If the patient candidate types as has B70: only donors that type as with B70, B71, and B72 are considered not mismatched.
- If the patient candidate types as has B71: only donors that type as with B71 or B1510 and B720 are considered not mismatched. Donors with B72 are considered mismatched.

Tables 4-5, 4-6, 4-7, 4-8, 4-9, 4-10, 4-11 and 4-12, show candidate-donor unacceptable antigen combinations. For each candidate antigen, the donor antigens that are unacceptable are listed below.

Table 4-65: HLA A Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences

Patient Unacceptable A Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigen	Patient Unacceptable A Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigen	Patient Unacceptable A Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigen
1	1	19	19, 29, 2901, 2902, 30, 3001, 3002, 31, 32, 33, 3301, 3303, 74	33	33, 3301, 3303
2	2, 0201, 0202, 0203, 0205, 0206, 240	23	23	3301	3301
0201	0201	24	24, 2402, 2403	3303	3303
0202	0202	2402	2402	34	34, 3401, 3402
0203	0203	2403	2403	3401	3401
0205	0205	25	25	3402	3402
0206	0206	26	26	36	36
3	3	28	28, 68, 69, 6801, 6802	43	43
9	9, 23, 24, 2402, 2403	29	29, 2901, 2902	66	66, *6601, *6602
10	10, 25, 26, 34, 3401, 3402, 66, *6601, *6602, 43	2901	2901	6601	6601
11	11, 1101, 1102	2902	2902	6602	6602
1101	1101	30	30, 3001, 3002	68	68, 6801, 6802
1102	1102	3001	3001	6801	6801
		3002	3002	6802	6802
		31	31	69	69
		32	32	74	74
				80	80
				203	203
				240	240
				2403	2403
				*6601	*6601
				*6602	*6602

Table 4-76 HLA B Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences

Patient Unacceptable B Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
5	5, 51, <u>5101</u> , <u>5102</u> , 5403 , 52 , 78
7	7, 703 , <u>0702</u>
<u>0702</u>	<u>0702</u>
8	8
<u>0802</u>	<u>0802</u>
<u>0803</u>	<u>0803</u>
<u>0804</u>	<u>0804</u>
12	12, 44, <u>4402</u> , <u>4403</u> , <u>4415</u> , 45
13	13, <u>1301</u> , <u>1302</u>
<u>1301</u>	<u>1301</u>
<u>1302</u>	<u>1302</u>
14	14, 64, 65, <u>1401</u> , <u>1402</u>
<u>1401</u>	<u>1401</u>
<u>1402</u>	<u>1402</u>
15	15, 62, 63, 75, 76, 77, <u>1501</u> , <u>1502</u> , <u>1503</u> , <u>1510</u> , <u>1511</u> , <u>1512</u> , <u>1513</u> , <u>1516</u> , <u>1517</u>
<u>1501</u>	<u>1501</u>
<u>1502</u>	<u>1502</u>
<u>1503</u>	<u>1503</u>
<u>1510</u>	<u>1510</u>
<u>1511</u>	<u>1511</u>
<u>1512</u>	<u>1512</u>
<u>1513</u>	<u>1513</u>
<u>1516</u>	<u>1516</u>
<u>1517</u>	<u>1517</u>
16	16, 38, 39, <u>3901</u> , <u>3902</u> , <u>3905</u> , <u>3913</u>

Patient Unacceptable B Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
17	17, 57, <u>5701</u> , <u>5703</u> , 58
18	18
21	21, 49, 50, 4005
22	22, 54, 55, 56
27	27, <u>2705</u> , <u>2708</u>
<u>2705</u>	<u>2705</u>
<u>2708</u>	<u>2708</u>
35	35
37	37
38	38
39	39, 3901, 3902, *3905, <u>3913</u>
<u>3901</u>	<u>3901</u>
<u>3902</u>	<u>3902</u>
<u>3905</u>	<u>3905</u>
<u>3913</u>	<u>3913</u>
40	40, 60, 61, <u>4001</u> , <u>4002</u>
<u>4001</u>	<u>4001</u> , 60
<u>4002</u>	<u>4002</u>
<u>4005</u>	<u>4005</u> , 50
<u>4006</u>	<u>4006</u>
41	41
42	42
44	44, <u>4402</u> , <u>4403</u>
<u>4402</u>	<u>4402</u>
<u>4403</u>	<u>4403</u>
<u>4415</u>	<u>4415</u> , 45
45	45, <u>4415</u>
46	46
47	47
48	48

Patient Unacceptable B Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
49	49
50	50, 4005
51	51, <u>5101</u> , <u>5102</u> - <u>5103</u>
<u>5101</u>	<u>5101</u>
<u>5102</u>	<u>5102</u>
52	52
53	53
54	54
55	55
56	56
57	57, <u>5701</u> , <u>5703</u>
<u>5701</u>	<u>5701</u>
<u>5703</u>	<u>5703</u>
58	58
59	59
60	60
61	61, <u>4002</u> , <u>4006</u>
62	62, <u>1501</u>
63	63, <u>1516</u>
64	64, <u>1401</u>
65	65, <u>1402</u>
67	67
70	70, 71, 72, <u>1503</u> , <u>1510</u>
71	71, <u>1510</u>
72	72, <u>1503</u>
73	73
75	75, <u>1502</u> , <u>1511</u>
76	76, <u>1512</u>
77	77, <u>1513</u>
78	78
81	81
82	82, *8204
703	703
*0804	*0804

Patient Unacceptable B Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
*1304	*1304
2708	2708
3904	3904
3902	3902
*3905	*3905
4005	4005, 50
5102	5102
5103	5103
7804	7804, 78
*8204	*8204, 82

Patient Unacceptable B Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
Bw4	Bw4, <u>0802</u> , <u>0803</u> , <u>0804</u> , 5, 13, <u>1301</u> , <u>1302</u> , <u>1513</u> , <u>1516</u> , <u>1517</u> , 17, 27, 37, 38, 44, <u>4402</u> , <u>4403</u> , <u>4415</u> , 47, 49, 51, <u>5101</u> , <u>5102</u> , 52, 53, 57, <u>5701</u> , <u>5703</u> , 58, 59, 63, 77

Patient Unacceptable B Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
Bw6	Bw6, 7, <u>0702</u> , 8, <u>0801</u> , 14, <u>1401</u> , <u>1402</u> , <u>1501</u> , <u>1502</u> , <u>1503</u> , <u>1510</u> , <u>1511</u> , <u>1512</u> , 18, 22, 2708, 35, 39, <u>3901</u> , <u>3902</u> , <u>3905</u> , <u>3913</u> , 40, <u>4001</u> , <u>4002</u> , <u>4006</u> , 41, 42, 45, 48, 50, *4005, 54, 55, 56, 60, 61, 62, 64, 65, 67, 70, 71, 72, 75, 76, 78, 81, 82

Table 4-87: HLA C Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences

Patient Unacceptable C Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
w <u>01</u>	w <u>01</u>
w <u>02</u>	w <u>02</u>
w <u>03</u>	w <u>03</u> , w <u>09</u> , w <u>10</u>
w <u>04</u>	w <u>04</u>
w <u>05</u>	w <u>05</u>
w <u>06</u>	w <u>06</u>

Patient Unacceptable C Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
w <u>07</u>	w <u>07</u> , <u>0701</u> , <u>0702</u>
<u>0701</u>	<u>0701</u>
<u>0702</u>	<u>0702</u>
w <u>08</u>	w <u>08</u>
w <u>09</u>	w <u>09</u>
w <u>10</u>	w <u>10</u>

Patient Unacceptable C Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
* <u>12</u>	* <u>12</u>
* <u>14</u>	* <u>14</u>
* <u>15</u>	* <u>15</u>
* <u>16</u>	* <u>16</u>
* <u>17</u>	* <u>17</u>
* <u>18</u>	* <u>18</u>

Table 4-98: HLA DR Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences

Patient Unacceptable DR Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
1	1, <u>0101</u> , <u>0102</u>
<u>0101</u>	<u>0101</u>
<u>0102</u>	<u>0102</u>
<u>103</u>	<u>103</u>
2	2, 15, <u>1501</u> , <u>1502</u> , <u>1503</u> , 16, <u>1601</u> , <u>1602</u>
3	3, 17, 18, <u>0301</u> , <u>0302</u>
<u>0301</u>	<u>0301</u> , 17
<u>0302</u>	<u>0302</u> , 18
4	4, <u>0401</u> , <u>0402</u> , <u>0403</u> , <u>0404</u> , <u>0405</u> , <u>0407</u>
<u>0401</u>	<u>0401</u>
<u>0402</u>	<u>0402</u>
<u>0403</u>	<u>0403</u>
<u>0404</u>	<u>0404</u>
<u>0405</u>	<u>0405</u>
<u>0407</u>	<u>0407</u>
5	5, 11, <u>1101</u> , <u>1104</u> , 12, <u>1201</u> , <u>1202</u>
6	6, 13, <u>1301</u> , <u>1303</u> , 14, <u>1401</u> , <u>1402</u> , 1403, 1404, <u>1454</u>
7	7
8	8
9	9, <u>0901</u> , <u>0902</u>
<u>0901</u>	<u>0901</u>
<u>0902</u>	<u>0902</u>
10	10
11	11, <u>1101</u> , <u>1104</u>
<u>1101</u>	<u>1101</u>

Patient Unacceptable DR Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
<u>1104</u>	<u>1104</u>
12	12, <u>1201</u> , <u>1202</u>
<u>1201</u>	<u>1201</u>
<u>1202</u>	<u>1202</u>
13	13, <u>1301</u> , <u>1303</u>
<u>1301</u>	<u>1301</u>
<u>1303</u>	<u>1303</u>
14	14, <u>1401</u> , <u>1402</u> , <u>1403</u> , 1404, <u>1454</u>
<u>1401</u>	<u>1401</u>
<u>1402</u>	<u>1402</u>
<u>1403</u>	<u>1403</u>
<u>1404</u>	<u>1404</u>
<u>1454</u>	<u>1454</u>
15	15, <u>1501</u> , <u>1502</u> , <u>1503</u>
<u>1501</u>	<u>1501</u>
<u>1502</u>	<u>1502</u>
<u>1503</u>	<u>1503</u>
16	16, <u>1601</u> , <u>1602</u>
<u>1601</u>	<u>1601</u>
<u>1602</u>	<u>1602</u>
17	17, <u>0301</u>
18	18, <u>0302</u>
403	403
4403	4403
4404	4404
51*	51
52*	52
53*	53

Table 4-9: HLA DR51 Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences

<u>Patient Unacceptable DR51 Locus Antigen</u>	<u>Donor Equivalent Antigens</u>
<u>5*01:01</u>	<u>5*01:01</u>
<u>5*02:02</u>	<u>5*02:02</u>
<u>51</u>	<u>51, 5*01:01, 5*02:02</u>

Table 4-10: HLA DR52 Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences

<u>Patient Unacceptable DR52 Locus Antigen</u>	<u>Donor Equivalent Antigens</u>
<u>3*01:01</u>	<u>3*01:01</u>
<u>3*02:02</u>	<u>3*02:02</u>
<u>3*03:01</u>	<u>3*03:01</u>
<u>52</u>	<u>52, 3*01:01, 3*02:02, 3*03:01</u>

Table 4-11: HLA DR53 Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences

<u>Patient Unacceptable DR 53 Locus Antigen</u>	<u>Donor Equivalent Antigens</u>
<u>4*01:01</u>	<u>4*01:01</u>
<u>4*01:03</u>	<u>4*01:03</u>
<u>53</u>	<u>53, 4*01:01, 4*01:03</u>

Table 4-102: HLA DQB1 Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences

<u>Patient Unacceptable DQB1 Locus Antigen</u>	<u>Donor Equivalent Antigens</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>1, 5, 6, 0501, 0502, 0601, 0602, 0603, 0604, 0609</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>2, 0201, 0202</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>3, 7, 8, 9, 0301, 0302, 0303, 0319</u>
<u>0301</u>	<u>0301, 7</u>
<u>0302</u>	<u>0302, 8</u>
<u>0303</u>	<u>0303, 9</u>
<u>0319</u>	<u>0319, 7</u>
<u>4</u>	<u>4, 0401, 0402</u>
<u>0401</u>	<u>0401</u>
<u>0402</u>	<u>0402</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>5, 0501, 0502, 4</u>
<u>0501</u>	<u>0501</u>
<u>0502</u>	<u>0502</u>
<u>6</u>	<u>6, 4, 0601, 0602, 0603, 0604, 0609</u>
<u>0601</u>	<u>0601</u>
<u>0602</u>	<u>0602</u>
<u>0603</u>	<u>0603</u>
<u>0604</u>	<u>0604</u>

Patient Unacceptable DQB1 Locus Antigen	Donor Equivalent Antigens
<u>0609</u>	<u>0609</u>
7	7, 3, <u>0301, 0319</u>
8	8, 3, <u>0302</u>
9	9, 3, <u>0303</u>

* ~~Indicates an allele; may not have a WHO-approved serologic specificity~~

~~*** Please refer to the end of this section for information~~

Examples of how “Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences” works:

If a ~~patient candidate~~ has B70 listed as an “unacceptable antigen”, donors typed as B70, B71, ~~and or~~ B72, 1503, or 1510 are considered unacceptable. ~~Donors typed as B73 and B75 are considered acceptable.~~

Table 4-13: Additional Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences to be used in the Calculated Panel Reactive Antibody (CPRA) Only

Locus	Patient Unacceptable Antigen	Unacceptable DR antigen equivalences used for CPRA calculation
<u>DR51</u>	<u>5*0101</u>	<u>2, 15, 16</u>
	<u>5*0202</u>	<u>2, 15, 16</u>
	<u>51</u>	<u>2, 15, 16</u>
<u>DR52</u>	<u>3*0101</u>	<u>3, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18</u>
	<u>3*0202</u>	<u>3, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18</u>
	<u>3*0301</u>	<u>3, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18</u>
	<u>52</u>	<u>3, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18</u>
<u>DR53</u>	<u>4*0101</u>	<u>4, 7, 9</u>
	<u>4*0103</u>	<u>4, 7, 9</u>
	<u>53</u>	<u>4, 7, 9</u>

Additional Unacceptable Antigen Equivalences to be used in the Calculated PRA Only:

~~DR51 should also include DR2, DR15, DR16.~~

~~DR52 should also include DR3, DR5, DR6, DR11, DR12, DR13, DR14, DR17, DR18.~~

~~DR53 should also include DR4, DR7, DR9.~~

13.5 OPTN KPD Histocompatibility Testing

13.5.A HLA Typing Requirements for OPTN KPD Candidates

Before a candidate can appear on an OPTN KPD match run, the paired candidate’s transplant hospital is responsible for reporting to the OPTN Contractor serological split level molecular typing results for *all* of the following:

- HLA-A

- HLA-B
- HLA-Bw4
- HLA-Bw6
- HLA-DR

If the candidate has unacceptable antigens listed for any of the following HLA types, then the paired candidate's transplant hospital is responsible for reporting to the OPTN Contractor serological split level molecular typing results for the corresponding HLA type before the candidate can appear on an OPTN KPD match run:

- HLA-C
- HLA-DR51
- HLA-DR52
- HLA-DR53
- HLA-DPB1
- HLA-DQA1
- HLA-DQB1

13.5.CHLA Typing Requirements for OPTN KPD Donors

Before a donor can appear on an OPTN KPD match run, the donor's transplant hospital is responsible for reporting to the OPTN Contractor serological split level molecular typing results for *all* of the following:

- HLA-A
- HLA-B
- HLA-Bw4
- HLA-Bw6
- HLA-C
- HLA-DR
- HLA-DR51
- HLA-DR52
- HLA-DR53
- HLA-DPB1
- HLA-DQA1
- HLA-DQB1

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