Pathogens of Special Interest

OPTN Policy 15.4.A: Host OPO Requirement for Reporting Post-Procurement Donor Results and Discovery of Potential Disease Transmissions requires reporting of post-procurement test results indicating a pathogen on this list of Pathogens of Special both to the transplant hospital safety contact and to the OPTN Improving Patient Safety Portal within 24 hours of receipt. This list is solely intended for OPO use for the purposes of this policy. All other OPO and transplant hospital reporting requirements for post-procurement results and discovery of recipient disease can be found within OPTN Policy 15: Identification of Transmissible Diseases.

Bacteria

- Anthrax (Bacillus anthracis)
- Brucellosis (Brucella species)
- Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacterales (CRE)¹
- Leptospirosis (*Leptospira interrogans*, Leptospira Fever)
- Listeriosis (*Listeria monocytogenes*)
- Plague (Yersinia pestis)
- Q fever (Coxiella burnetii)
- Tick-borne illnesses, including but not limited to:
 - o Anaplasmosis (Anaplasma phagocytopilum)
 - o Babesiosis (Babesia microti)
 - o Ehrlichiosis (Ehrlichia species)
 - Lyme disease (Borrelia species)
 - Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever (*Rickettsia rickettsia*)
 - o Tularemia (Francisella tularensis)
- Tuberculosis (Mycobacterium tuberculosis, or TB)
 - Only if identified through a culture, DNA probe, or with other evidence suggesting active TB

Fungi (including yeast)

- Blastomycosis (Blastomyces dermatitidis)
 - Exclude reporting if only identified by donor serologic results
- Coccidioidomycosis (Coccidioides species) /Valley
 Fever
 - Exclude reporting if only identified by donor serologic results
- Histoplasmosis (Histoplasma capsulatum)
 - Exclude reporting if only identified by donor serologic results

- Candida auris
 - o Exclude reporting for other Candida species
- Fungi/Mold growing from sterile site, such as blood cultures
 - Exclude reporting if only identified by donor respiratory cultures
- Microsporidiosis, including but not limited to:
 - o Encephalitizoon species
 - o Microsporidium species

Parasites (including amoebas)

- Amoebic infections, including but not limited to:
 - o Acanthamoeba species
 - o Balamuthia species
 - o Naegleria species
- Chagas (*Trypanosoma cruzi, T. cruzi*)
- Malaria (*Plasmodium* species)
- Strongyloidiasis (Strongyloides species)

Viruses

- Acute Flaccid Myelitis (AFM), including but not limited to:
 - o Enterovirus D68, A71, CVB3
- Arboviral Infections, including but not limited to:
 - California Serogroup Viruses (Orthobunyavirus)
 - Chikungunya Virus Disease
 - Dengue (DENV)
 - Eastern Equine Encephalitis (EEV)
 - La Crosse Encephalitis (LACV)
 - Powassan (POWV)
 - St. Louis Encephalitis (SLEV)

¹ Additional technical information on carbapenem-resistant Enterobacterales classification can be found here: https://www.cdc.gov/hai/organisms/cre/technical-info.html

- West Nile (WNV)
- Western Equine Encephalitis (WEEV)
- Yellow Fever (YF)
- o Zika (ZIKV)
- Community-acquired respiratory viruses, excluding all non-pandemic strains, including but not limited to:
 - o COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2)
 - o Influenza
 - o Middle East Respiratory Virus (MERS)
 - Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)
- Hantavirus (Orthohantavirus species)
- Hepatitis A (HAV)
- Hepatitis B (HBV)
 - Exclude reporting if only identified by surface antibody results (HBVsAb)
- Hepatitis C (HCV)
- Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
- Lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus (LCMV)
- Measles (Measles morbillivirus, MeV, Rubeola)
- Mumps (Mumps Orthorubulavirus)
- Poliovirus infection (Poliomyelitis)

- Poxviruses, including but not limited to:
 - Chickenpox (Varicella-Zoster Virus, VZV)
 - Mpox (Callithrix jacchus orthopoxvirus)
 - o Smallpox (Variola virus, VARV)
- Rabies (Lyssavirus species)
- Rubella (RUBV, German Measles)
- Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers, including but not limited to:
 - Crimean-Congo Hemorrhagic Fever (Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever orthonairovirus, CCHFV)
 - o Ebola (EVD)
 - Guanarito virus (GTOV, Venezuelan hemorrhagic fever)
 - o Lassa (LFV)
 - Machupo (Bolivian hemorrhagic fever (BHF), MACV)
 - Marburg (MVD)
 - Sabia Virus (Brazilian mammarenavirus, Brazilian hemorrhagic fever, SABV)